

C Reference Card (ANSI)

Program Structure/Functions

```

type fnc(type1, ...);
type name;
int main(void) {
    declarations
    statements
}
type fnc(arg1, ...) {
    declarations
    statements
    return value;
}
/* */
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
exit(arg);

```

C Preprocessor

```

include library file          #include <filename>
include user file            #include "filename"
replacement text             #define name text
replacement macro            #define name(var) text
    Example. #define max(A,B) ((A)>(B) ? (A) : (B))
undefine                   #undef name
quoted string in replace     #
concatenate args and rescan #
conditional execution        #if, #else, #elif, #endif
is name defined, not defined? #ifdef, #ifndef
name defined?              defined(name)
line continuation char       \

```

Data Types/Declarations

character (1 byte)	char
integer	int
real number (single, double precision)	float , double
short (16 bit integer)	short
long (32 bit integer)	long
double long (64 bit integer)	long long
positive or negative	signed
non-negative modulo 2^m	unsigned
pointer to int , float , ...	int* , float* , ...
enumeration constant	enum <i>tag</i> { <i>name</i> ₁ = <i>value</i> ₁ , ..., <i>name</i> _n = <i>value</i> _n };
constant (read-only) value	type const <i>name</i> ;
declare external variable	extern
internal to source file	static
local persistent between calls	static
no value	void
structure	struct <i>tag</i> {...};
create new name for data type	typedef <i>type</i> <i>name</i> ;
size of an object (type is size_t)	sizeof <i>object</i>
size of a data type (type is size_t)	sizeof (<i>type</i>)

Initialization

```

initialize variable           type name=value;
initialize array              type name[]={value1, ..., valuen};
initialize char string        char name[]="string";

```

Constants

suffix: long, unsigned, float
exponential form
prefix: octal, hexadecimal
Example. 031 is 25, 0x31 is 49 decimal
character constant (char, octal, hex)
newline, cr, tab, backspace
special characters
string constant (ends with '\0')

65536L, -1U, 3.0F
4.2e1
0, 0x or 0X
'a', '\ooo', '\xhh'
\n, \r, \t, \b
\\, \?, \', \"
"abc...de"

Pointers, Arrays & Structures

declare pointer to <i>type</i>	<i>type</i> * <i>name</i> ;
declare function returning pointer to <i>type</i>	<i>type</i> * <i>f</i> ();
declare pointer to function returning <i>type</i>	<i>type</i> (<i>*pf</i>)();
generic pointer type	void *
null pointer constant	NULL
object pointed to by <i>pointer</i>	* <i>pointer</i>
address of object <i>name</i>	& <i>name</i>
array	<i>name</i> [<i>dim</i>]
multi-dim array	<i>name</i> [<i>dim</i> ₁][<i>dim</i> ₂]...

Structures

struct <i>tag</i> {	structure template
<i>declarations</i>	declaration of members
}	

create structure	struct <i>tag</i> <i>name</i>
member of structure from template	<i>name</i> . <i>member</i>
member of pointed-to structure	<i>pointer</i> -> <i>member</i>
Example. (* <i>p</i>). <i>x</i> and <i>p</i> -> <i>x</i> are the same	
single object, multiple possible types	union
bit field with <i>b</i> bits	unsigned <i>member</i> : <i>b</i> ;

Operators (grouped by precedence)

struct member operator	<i>name</i> . <i>member</i>
struct member through pointer	<i>pointer</i> -> <i>member</i>
increment, decrement	++ , --
plus, minus, logical not, bitwise not	+ , - , ! , ~
indirection via pointer, address of object	* <i>pointer</i> , & <i>name</i>
cast expression to type	(<i>type</i>) <i>expr</i>
size of an object	sizeof
multiply, divide, modulus (remainder)	* , / , %
add, subtract	+ , -
left, right shift [bit ops]	<< , >>
relational comparisons	> , >= , < , <=
equality comparisons	== , !=
and [bit op]	&
exclusive or [bit op]	^
or (inclusive) [bit op]	
logical and	&&
logical or	
conditional expression	<i>expr</i> ₁ ? <i>expr</i> ₂ : <i>expr</i> ₃
assignment operators	+= , -= , *= , ...
expression evaluation separator	,

Unary operators, conditional expression and assignment operators group right to left; all others group left to right.

Flow of Control

statement terminator	;
block delimiters	{ }
exit from switch, while, do, for	break;
next iteration of while, do, for	continue;
go to	goto <i>label</i> ;
label	<i>label</i> : <i>statement</i>
return value from function	return <i>expr</i>

Flow Constructions

if statement	if (<i>expr</i> ₁) <i>statement</i> ₁ else if (<i>expr</i> ₂) <i>statement</i> ₂ else <i>statement</i> ₃
while statement	while (<i>expr</i>) <i>statement</i>
for statement	for (<i>expr</i> ₁ ; <i>expr</i> ₂ ; <i>expr</i> ₃) <i>statement</i>
do statement	do <i>statement</i> while (<i>expr</i>);
switch statement	switch (<i>expr</i>) { case <i>const</i> ₁ : <i>statement</i> ₁ break; case <i>const</i> ₂ : <i>statement</i> ₂ break; default: <i>statement</i>

ANSI Standard Libraries

<assert.h> <ctype.h> <errno.h> <float.h> <limits.h>
<locale.h> <math.h> <setjmp.h> <signal.h> <stdarg.h>
<stddef.h> <stdio.h> <stdlib.h> <string.h> <time.h>

Character Class Tests <ctype.h>

alphanumeric?	isalnum (<i>c</i>)
alphabetic?	isalpha (<i>c</i>)
control character?	iscntrl (<i>c</i>)
decimal digit?	isdigit (<i>c</i>)
printing character (not incl space)?	isgraph (<i>c</i>)
lower case letter?	islower (<i>c</i>)
printing character (incl space)?	isprint (<i>c</i>)
printing char except space, letter, digit?	ispunct (<i>c</i>)
space, formfeed, newline, cr, tab, vtab?	isspace (<i>c</i>)
upper case letter?	isupper (<i>c</i>)
hexadecimal digit?	isxdigit (<i>c</i>)
convert to lower case	tolower (<i>c</i>)
convert to upper case	toupper (<i>c</i>)

String Operations <string.h>

s is a string; cs, ct are constant strings	
length of s	strlen (<i>s</i>)
copy ct to s	strcpy (<i>s</i> , <i>ct</i>)
concatenate ct after s	strcat (<i>s</i> , <i>ct</i>)
compare cs to ct	strcmp (<i>cs</i> , <i>ct</i>)
only first n chars	strncmp (<i>cs</i> , <i>ct</i> , <i>n</i>)
pointer to first c in cs	strchr (<i>cs</i> , <i>c</i>)
pointer to last c in cs	memchr (<i>cs</i> , <i>c</i> , <i>n</i>)
copy n chars from ct to s	memcpy (<i>s</i> , <i>ct</i> , <i>n</i>)
copy n chars from ct to s (may overlap)	memmove (<i>s</i> , <i>ct</i> , <i>n</i>)
compare n chars of cs with ct	memcmp (<i>cs</i> , <i>ct</i> , <i>n</i>)
pointer to first c in first n chars of cs	memset (<i>s</i> , <i>c</i> , <i>n</i>)
put c into first n chars of s	

C Reference Card (ANSI)

Input/Output <stdio.h>

Standard I/O

standard input stream	stdin
standard output stream	stdout
standard error stream	stderr
end of file (type is int)	EOF
get a character	getchar()
print a character	putchar(<i>chr</i>)
print formatted data	printf("format", <i>arg</i> ₁ , ...)
print to string <i>s</i>	sprintf(<i>s</i> , "format", <i>arg</i> ₁ , ...)
read formatted data	scanf("format", & <i>name</i> ₁ , ...)
read from string <i>s</i>	sscanf(<i>s</i> , "format", & <i>name</i> ₁ , ...)
print string <i>s</i>	puts(<i>s</i>)

File I/O

declare file pointer	FILE *fp;
pointer to named file	fopen("name", "mode")
modes: r (read), w (write), a (append), b (binary)	
get a character	getc(fp)
write a character	putc(<i>chr</i> , fp)
write to file	fprintf(fp, "format", <i>arg</i> ₁ , ...)
read from file	fscanf(fp, "format", <i>arg</i> ₁ , ...)
read and store <i>n</i> elts to *ptr	fread(*ptr, eltsize, <i>n</i> , fp)
write <i>n</i> elts from *ptr to file	fwrite(*ptr, eltsize, <i>n</i> , fp)
close file	fclose(fp)
non-zero if error	ferror(fp)
non-zero if already reached EOF	feof(fp)
read line to string <i>s</i> (< max chars)	fgets(<i>s</i> , max, fp)
write string <i>s</i>	fputs(<i>s</i> , fp)

Codes for Formatted I/O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"

- left justify
- + print with sign
- space* print space if no sign
- 0 pad with leading zeros
- w* min field width
- p* precision
- m* conversion character:
 - h short, l long, L long double
- c* conversion character:
 - d,i integer u unsigned
 - c single char s char string
 - f double (printf) e,E exponential
 - f float (scanf) lf double (scanf)
 - o octal x,X hexadecimal
 - p pointer n number of chars written
 - g,G same as f or e,E depending on exponent

Variable Argument Lists <stdarg.h>

declaration of pointer to arguments	va_list <i>ap</i> ;
initialization of argument pointer	va_start(<i>ap</i> , <i>lastarg</i>);
<i>lastarg</i> is last named parameter of the function	
access next unnamed arg, update pointer	va_arg(<i>ap</i> , <i>type</i>)
call before exiting function	va_end(<i>ap</i>);

Standard Utility Functions <stdlib.h>

absolute value of int <i>n</i>	abs(<i>n</i>)
absolute value of long <i>n</i>	labs(<i>n</i>)
quotient and remainder of ints <i>n,d</i>	div(<i>n,d</i>)
returns structure with div_t.quot and div_t.rem	
quotient and remainder of longs <i>n,d</i>	ldiv(<i>n,d</i>)
returns structure with ldiv_t.quot and ldiv_t.rem	
pseudo-random integer [0,RAND_MAX]	rand()
set random seed to <i>n</i>	srand(<i>n</i>)
terminate program execution	exit(status)
pass string <i>s</i> to system for execution	system(<i>s</i>)

Conversions

convert string <i>s</i> to double	atof(<i>s</i>)
convert string <i>s</i> to integer	atoi(<i>s</i>)
convert string <i>s</i> to long	atol(<i>s</i>)
convert prefix of <i>s</i> to double	strtod(<i>s,&endp</i>)
convert prefix of <i>s</i> (base <i>b</i>) to long	strtol(<i>s,&endp,b</i>)
same, but unsigned long	strtoul(<i>s,&endp,b</i>)

Storage Allocation

allocate storage	malloc(size), calloc(nobj, size)
change size of storage	newptr = realloc(ptr, size);
deallocate storage	free(ptr);

Array Functions

search array for key	bsearch(key, array, n, size, cmpf)
sort array ascending order	qsort(array, n, size, cmpf)

Time and Date Functions <time.h>

processor time used by program	clock()
Example. clock() /CLOCKS_PER_SEC is time in seconds	
current calendar time	time()
time ₂ -time ₁ in seconds (double)	difftime(time ₂ , time ₁)
arithmetic types representing times	clock_t, time_t
structure type for calendar time comps	struct tm
tm_sec	seconds after minute
tm_min	minutes after hour
tm_hour	hours since midnight
tm_mday	day of month
tm_mon	months since January
tm_year	years since 1900
tm_wday	days since Sunday
tm_yday	days since January 1
tm_isdst	Daylight Savings Time flag
convert local time to calendar time	mktime(tp)
convert time in tp to string	asctime(tp)
convert calendar time in tp to local time	ctime(tp)
convert calendar time to GMT	gmtime(tp)
convert calendar time to local time	localtime(tp)
format date and time info	strftime(<i>s,smax</i> , "format", tp)

tp is a pointer to a structure of type tm

Mathematical Functions <math.h>

Arguments and returned values are double

trig functions	sin(x), cos(x), tan(x)
inverse trig functions	asin(x), acos(x), atan(x)
arctan(y/x)	atan2(y,x)
hyperbolic trig functions	sinh(x), cosh(x), tanh(x)
exponentials & logs	exp(x), log(x), log10(x)
exponentials & logs (2 power)	ldexp(x,n), frexp(x,&e)
division & remainder	modf(x,ip), fmod(x,y)
powers	pow(x,y), sqrt(x)
rounding	ceil(x), floor(x), fabs(x)

Integer Type Limits <limits.h>

The numbers given in parentheses are typical values for the constants on a 32-bit Unix system, followed by minimum required values (if significantly different).

CHAR_BIT	bits in char	(8)
CHAR_MAX	max value of char	(SCHAR_MAX or UCHAR_MAX)
CHAR_MIN	min value of char	(SCHAR_MIN or 0)
SCHAR_MAX	max signed char	(+127)
SCHAR_MIN	min signed char	(-128)
SHRT_MAX	max value of short	(+32,767)
SHRT_MIN	min value of short	(-32,768)
INT_MAX	max value of int	(+2,147,483,647)
INT_MIN	min value of int	(-2,147,483,648)
LONG_MAX	max value of long	(+2,147,483,647)
LONG_MIN	min value of long	(-2,147,483,648)
UCHAR_MAX	max unsigned char	(255)
USHRT_MAX	max unsigned short	(65,535)
UINT_MAX	max unsigned int	(4,294,967,295)
ULONG_MAX	max unsigned long	(4,294,967,295)

Float Type Limits <float.h>

The numbers given in parentheses are typical values for the constants on a 32-bit Unix system.

FLOAT_RADIX	radix of exponent rep	(2)
FLOAT_ROUNDS	floating point rounding mode	
FLOAT_DIG	decimal digits of precision	(6)
FLOAT_EPSILON	smallest <i>x</i> so 1.0f + <i>x</i> ≠ 1.0f	(1.1E - 7)
FLOAT_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	
FLOAT_MAX	maximum float number	(3.4E38)
FLOAT_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
FLOAT_MIN	minimum float number	(1.2E - 38)
FLOAT_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	
DBL_DIG	decimal digits of precision	(15)
DBL_EPSILON	smallest <i>x</i> so 1.0 + <i>x</i> ≠ 1.0	(2.2E - 16)
DBL_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	
DBL_MAX	max double number	(1.8E308)
DBL_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
DBL_MIN	min double number	(2.2E - 308)
DBL_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	

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